

**IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE**

Applicant: Yugang MA et al.

U.S. Serial No.: Filed Concurrently Herewith

Title of Invention: MULTIPLE-USER CDMA WIRELESS  
COMMUNICATION SYSTEM

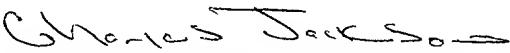
745 Fifth Avenue  
New York, NY 10151

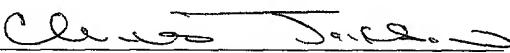
**EXPRESS MAIL**

Mailing Label Number: EV001420260US

Date of Deposit: November 8, 2001

I hereby certify that this paper or fee is being deposited with the United States Postal Service "Express Mail Post Office to Addressee" Service under 37 CFR 1.10 on the date indicated above and is addressed to the Assistant Commissioner for Patents, Washington, DC 20231

  
(Typed or printed name of person mailing paper or fee)

  
(Signature of person mailing paper or fee)

**PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT**

Assistant Commissioner for Patents  
Box Patent Application (35 U.S.C. 111)  
Washington, D.C. 20231

Sir:

Before the issuance of the first Office Action, please amend the above-identified application as follows:

**IN THE CLAIMS:**

Please amend claims 3-5 and 10-12 as follow:

3. (Amended) A receiver according to claim 2 in which there are at least two said branch processing means;

450111-03686

"Express Mail" mailing label number EV001420260US

Date of Deposit November 8, 2001

I hereby certify that this paper or fee, and a patent application and accompanying papers, are being deposited with the United States Postal Service "Express Mail Post Office to Addressee" service under 37 CFR 1.10 on the date indicated above and are addressed to the Assistant Commissioner for Patents, Washington, DC 20231.

Charles J. Jackson  
(Typed or printed name of person mailing paper or fee)

Charles J. Jackson  
(Signature of person mailing paper or fee)

said decision means combining the outputs of the at least two branch processing means to generate a combined signal, and using the combined signal to generate the error signal and the estimate of the data in the received signal intended for the receiver.

4. (Amended) A receiver according to claim 3, adapted to receive CDMA signals with a processing gain of N;

    said reception means generating G measurements in each chip duration of the CDMA signal, where G is an integer;

    each said set of weights consisting of G(2M+1) weights, where M is an integer;

    said combined signal being a sum over the branch processing means of the product of (i) a vector derived from said spreading code for the receiver and the scrambling code of the corresponding base station; (ii) a data matrix composed of said measurements and having G(2M+1) x N components; and (iii) the set of weights for that branch processing means.

5. (Amended) A receiver according to claim 3 in which the detection means is arranged to generate said error signal as the difference between said combined signal and a correction signal.

10. (Amended) A method according to claim 9 in which the received signal is transmitted along at least two said branches;

    said decision means combining the outputs of the at least two branches to generate a combined signal, and using the combined signal to generate the error signal and the estimate of the data in the received signal intended for the receiver.

11. (Amended) A method according to claim 10 in which said CDMA signals have a processing gain of N;

    said step of receiving a signal includes generating G measurements in each chip duration of the CDMA signal, where G is an integer;

each said set of weights consists of  $G(2M+1)$  weights, where  $M$  is an integer; and  
said combined signal is a sum over the branches of the product of (i) a vector derived  
from said spreading code for the first user and the scrambling code of the corresponding base  
station; (ii) a data matrix composed of said measurements and having  $(G(2M+1) \times N)$   
components, and (iii) the set of weights for that branch.

12. (Amended) A method according to claim 10 in which said error signal is the difference  
between said combined signal and a correction signal.

Add new claims 16 and 17 as follows:

--16. (New) A receiver according to claim 1 in which there are at least two said branch  
processing means;

Said decision means combining the outputs of the at least two branch processing means to  
generate a combined signal, and using the combined signal to generate the error signal and the  
estimate of the data in the received signal intended for the receiver.--

--17. (New) A method according to claim 8 in which the received signal is transmitted along at  
least two said branches;

Said decision means combining the outputs of the at least two branches to generate a combined  
signal, and using the combined signal to generate the error signal and the estimate of the data in  
the received signal intended for the receiver.--

**REMARKS**

Claims 1-17 remain in the application. Claims 3-5 and 10-12 have been amended and claims 16 and 17 are added to eliminate multiple dependencies. Attached hereto is a marked up version of the changes made to claims 3-5 and 10-12 by the current amendment. The attached page is captioned "**Version with markings to show change made.**" The filing fee has been calculated based upon these amendments to the claims.

Respectfully submitted,

FROMMER LAWRENCE & HAUG LLP  
Attorneys for Applicant

By:



William S. Frommer  
Reg. No. 25,506  
Tel. (212) 588-0800

**VERSION WITH MARKINGS TO SHOW CHANGES MADE****In the claims:**

3. (Amended) A receiver according to ~~claim 1 or~~ claim 2 in which there are at least two said branch processing means; said decision means combining the outputs of the at least two branch processing means to generate a combined signal, and using the combined signal to generate the error signal and the estimate of the data in the received signal intended for the receiver.

4. (Amended) A receiver according to claim 3 ~~when dependent on claim 2,~~ adapted to receive CDMA signals with a processing gain of N;

¶ said reception means generating G measurements in each chip duration of the CDMA signal, where G is an integer;  
¶ each said set of weights consisting of G(2M+1) weights, where M is an integer;  
¶ said combined signal being a sum over the branch processing means of the product of (i) a vector derived from said spreading code for the receiver and the scrambling code of the corresponding base station; (ii) a data matrix composed of said measurements and having G(2M+1) x N components; and (iii) the set of weights for that branch processing means.

5. (Amended) A receiver according to claim 3 ~~or claim 4~~ in which the detection means is arranged to generate said error signal as the difference between said combined signal and a correction signal.

10. (Amended) A method according to ~~claim 8 or~~ claim 9 in which the received signal is transmitted along at least two said branches;

said decision means combining the outputs of the at least two branches to generate a combined signal, and using the combined signal to generate the error signal and the estimate of the data in the received signal intended for the receiver.

11. (Amended) A method according to claim 10 ~~when dependent on claim 9~~ in which said CDMA signals have a processing gain of N;

    said step of receiving a signal includes generating G measurements in each chip duration of the CDMA signal, where G is an integer;

    each said set of weights consists of  $G(2M+1)$  weights, where M is an integer; and

    said combined signal is a sum over the branches of the product of (i) a vector derived

from said spreading code for the first user and the scrambling code of the corresponding base station; (ii) a data matrix composed of said measurements and having  $(G(2M+1) \times N)$  components, and (iii) the set of weights for that branch.

12. (Amended) A method according to claim 10 or 11 in which said error signal is the difference between said combined signal and a correction signal.